MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1860. NUMBER 44.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

E. D. JERMAIN.....W. E. BRIGHTMAN

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, '60.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
7:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	8:00 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.		
7:45 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	3:10 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	8:30 P. M.	9:00 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.		
7:45 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	9:00 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	8:30 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & NORTHERN.		
7:30 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	7:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.		
4:30 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
BETWEEN MILWAUKEE AND CHICAGO.		
7:30 P. M.	2:30 A. M.	

Except Saturday.
Except Sunday, to all points.
To Morrison, Sterling, Kilbourn City, Fox Lake, Beloit and Janesville only.
To all points.
Waukesha, Whitewater, Janesville and Madison.

News Digest.

The counsel of S. M. Booth yesterday applied to the Supreme Court for a writ of *habeas corpus*. The matter is in the hands of Judges Dixon and Cole, whose decision will be given this morning.

Among the passengers on board the wrecked steamer Hungarian, was a Mr. Tagg, of Milwaukee.

The Chicago Municipal election came off yesterday, and resulted in the triumph of the entire Republican ticket, by about 700 majority.

Rev. Thos. H. Stockton, of Philadelphia, has been elected Chaplain of the House of Representatives.

A new steamer exploded her boilers at Easton, Pa., yesterday, killing a number of persons.

The Richmond Enquirer on the New York Delegation to Charleston.

The Richmond *Enquirer* has a leader on the subject of admitting Fernando Wood's delegation at Charleston, in which it says:

"The admission of the Freesoil Cagger-Cassidy delegation even, upon equal sovereignty with Mr. Wood, would constitute an unwarrantable concession to free-soil principles. The exclusion of Mr. Wood and the Hard delegation would be an abandonment of principle. Accident with Freesoilism, that would render the Democratic Convention a by-word and reproach among honest men. We tell the Democracy that the day for conciliation has passed. No double-faced platform, nor disunion sovereignty at the North, and its friends at the South, can again succeed. Mr Mason and Mr. Hunter, the Senators from Virginia, have months ago declared, from the floor of the Senate, that the only platform upon which the Democratic party could receive an "individual vote" in Virginia. And no paper has contradicted the declaration, or questioned its propriety.

This is the entertainment to which the Douglas delegates from the Free States are respectfully invited by their Southern brethren. The Wisconsin delegation, like that from New York, is "stained" with "Free-Soilism." Some of them were active "Free Soilers" in the Presidential campaign of 1848, and voted for "Van Buren and Adams." More of them, we believe, dissented from the strong Free-Soil resolutions adopted by the Democratic State Convention and endorsed by the Democratic State Legislature. But all of them, no doubt, are ready to recant these and other heresies, upon the imperious demand of their Southern taskmasters.

Trouble in Western Pennsylvania.—In some of the Western counties of Pennsylvania, the people are in a state of rebellion against the tax-is laid to pay the interest on bonds issued to railroads. In Washington county, we see, the house of an individual was levied on by an officer, and advertised for sale; when the people held a meeting, passed strong anti-tax resolutions, and denounced, in advance, any man who should bid on the house. The day of sale came, and sure enough, though a crowd collected, there was no one to bid on the property, which was accordingly returned to its owner.

The Germans in Peoria.—The German Republican Club of Peoria have adopted a second platform, one plank of which is the following:

Resolved, That although in the next Presidential election we will with cheerfulness aid in the election of any candidate who confesses these principles to be his own, yet we publicly proclaim our particular preference and sympathy for the Hon. Wm. H. Seward, having recognized and fully believing that he is not only a true Republican, a wise statesman, and a true patriot, but also as fast a sincere friend to immigration, at the same being convinced that no candidate would receive from the Germans, without regard to political party, more general support.

The Impalement of Douglas.

Special Dispatch to the N. Y. Tribune.

Washington, Thursday, March 1.

When Mr. Douglas was driven to the wall and pinned there by Mr. Trumbull yesterday, he sought to excite Southern sympathy by the loudest professions of devotion to their interests. One declaration is worthy particular attention, and has excited much remark here:

"But, inasmuch as the power to introduce Slavery, notwithstanding the Mexican laws was conferred on the Territorial Legislatures under the compromise measures of 1850, the right to introduce it into Kansas, notwithstanding the Missouri restriction, was also proposed to be conferred, without expressly repealing the restriction. The legal effect was precisely the same."

Mr. Douglas has always heretofore denied in Illinois that the repeal of the Missouri Compromise either allowed or contemplated the introduction of Slavery into Kansas. That was the defence for his instrumentality in violating that compact, which is now abandoned to conciliate support at Charleston. This double dealing convicts itself and will be denounced by both sections.

Counterfeiters Arrested.—One Rafenburgh, said to be the individual at whom Lu. Collur discharged a revolver four several times without inflicting a serious wound, was arrested at Hortonville, his place of residence, by Under-Sheriff McGrath, the great Rogue Catcher of Outagamie, brought up for examination on Wednesday before Justice Aiken, and committed to jail for want of bail, for uttering counterfeit bills on the Central Bank of New York. Mr. Charles Pfenning started the officer on his track, and after a few days the prisoner was arrested at home. We understand an arrest of parties implicated has been made at Oshkosh, and another at Hortonville. It is evident that there is an organization of passers of counterfeit money extending to the Eastern cities from the fact that the same kind of bills made their appearance in New York but a few days before they were visible here.—*Appleton Crescent 3d.*

Burning of Mr. Robinson's House.—We last week published a notice of the destruction, by fire, of John Robinson's house in the town of Kossuth. We have since seen Mr. R., who confirms the statement and informs us that one hundred and twenty-five bushels of oats, and fifty bushels of seed potatoes, stored in a place adjoining the house, were also burned. His own loss is about three hundred dollars. A hired man in the employ of Mr. Robinson lost a new suit of clothes, and thirty-five dollars which were deposited in the pockets.—*Manitowoc Trib.*

On Monday last, a livery stable keeper from Hudson, passed through our town, having in custody a horse thief. The thief hired a horse and buggy at Hudson, and after being absent a day or two, the owner's suspicions were aroused and he determined to follow him. He tracked him through Minnesota as far as Winona, then crossed the river and succeeded in capturing the rascal in Richland county. From a book he had in his possession, he was evidently bound for Chicago, where he had associates.—*Eau Claire Free Press, 1st.*

The Gale at La Crosse.—The wind blew a smart gale from the South on Saturday, stirring up a big dust, and tearing things generally. The roof on the corner building west of the Augusta House, got a lively hoist, and was landed in the street. A long strip of sidewalk on State and Second streets, turned a handsome somerset. Blinds, fences, windows and small out houses got considerably riddled, but we hear of no serious damage.—*Union & Democrat.*

THE CITY.

Aristotle was not an American.

We have good authority for this, but it is sufficient proof that he said—men should not marry until they are thirty-seven. Americans are not Aristotleans. They commit marriage from the time of puberty to the age of twenty-five. After this they seldom exhibit the weakness—rich Cubans and Members of Congress being exceptions. By the way, would it not be a definite distinction to call man a marrying animal? It is true there are some men who do not marry; but what of that? Man has been called a reasoning animal, yet we know several who never reason at all; wherefore, it is indisputable that all men *would* marry if they could.

But we wish to "come at" another fact, which may be set down among the causes assignable for this matrimonial tendency.—We avow that it is our solemn belief that the dry goods stores are chiefly instrumental in bringing this thing about. A splendid display is made of material which strikes the eye. The man passes and re-passes it, and feels that it is gorgeous, magnificent; but something with which he has nothing to do. Muslin awakens emotions, the rustle of brocade tells him of some unattained object in life. He admires, covets, and then acquires. Is this a foolish doctrine? We think not.—Acquisiton is the ruling passion now-a-days, and we can only tremble for such men as J. L. Davis, when we think of what they will have to answer for. The respectable old gentleman who desires to redeem his fast son, and takes him every pleasant day to look in at Davis' window, has more wisdom than the world gives him credit for. We shall publish a paragraph about the young man before long—it will not be far from the "Deaths." Then will "Heaven open to his view." Silks and satins will move at his command. He will look out upon a boundless sea of gauze and happiness; and be monarch of all he surveys.

But before the year is out, he may think better of the precept of Aristotle, and wish he had waited until he was thirty-seven.—We say he *may*. We see no absolute necessity of the thing; but when he has to keep a keg of Sand's ale in the house, and tries to get acquainted with a good physician, he will have arrived at the conclusion that Providence never intended him to live for nothing.

We believe in marrying, we are ultra in our opinions—not quite so ultra as Brigham Young, it is true—but we believe in wedlock, and our advice is—marry. Bachelor's hearts, at the best, are but deserted temples, in which all sorts of misanthropic fancies, like evil birds, hold sway. Everything is deserted, disordered, and nothing but woman's love can ever furnish the place, nothing but her smiles can ever illumine it. Go to thou young man! Marry and go to Davis.

Promiscuous Pitching In.—Has the *locale* of the *Free Democrat* got a zealous fever and ague? Judging from the *quiver* of his mind he is troubled with a rush of arro-gance to the head. We have heard of a man knocking his head against a wall before, but it never occurred to us that there might be "anything in it."

Like all new hands at the bellows, it seems our Squibob is determined to create a breeze. He pitches into the Common Council; (we don't blame him for that,) he pitches into "Pizarro;" (that is the height of another kind of arro-gance,) he pitches into Caleb Wall, and misquotes a couplet at him; (the height of crudity.)

Now, as to the Common Council, we distinctly remember, at the last meeting of the Board of Aldermen, hearing them regret the very thing Squibob now regrets, in imitation; and they passed a resolution appointing a standing Auditing Committee to examine carefully all the bills presented to the Common Council. In view of this resolution being concurred in by the Board of Councilors, Squibob would do well to "hold his horses."

About Caleb Wall, we would only say to our trans-river cotemporary, that the gentleman is quite extensively known on this side the river, and those who know him report him "all right on the goose. (We commend the phraze to our brother over the water.) Caleb, if not brilliant is always himself, that is, he never depends on Pizarro. He always pays for his advertising, we are told; and we never before heard of any one's objecting to it.

We are of opinion that Squibob is troubled with a voracious appetite, and goes about seeking whom he may devour. Caleb Wall will prove too much for the stomach of the *fuerilletonist*, who, if he keeps on at the present terrible rate, will die of surfeit, before the illustrious auctioneer can pronounce the professional obituary, of "going, going, gone!"

Fire Department Election.—The election for Chief and Assistant Engineers of our Milwaukee Fire Department comes off on Monday week. There are two candidates for the first office, Thomas H. Eviston, the present Chief, and O. M. Hofford, Foreman of Engine Co. No. 3.

The following ticket for Assistant Engineers, agreed upon by a large number of Firemen has been handed us for publication:

First Assistant.—J. H. Buening, of Co. No. 2.

Second Assistant.—L. N. Dewey, of Co. No. 3.

Third Assistant.—James M. Smith, or Phil. Daily, of Co. No. 4.

These are all old and experienced Firemen, and would render the Chief essential service and command the respect and confidence of the entire Department.

Municipal Court, March 6th.—Sylvester Whipple, disorderly; penalty and costs $2.42. Paid.

George Giles, assault and battery; fine and costs, $6.70. Paid.

Frederick Rose, disorderly; fine and costs, $6.00 or 5 days in jail.

Patrick Flynn, larceny of coat valued at $5; sentenced to 15 days in jail.

M. G——, assault and battery; fine and costs, $4.00 Paid.

Gottlieb Reiz, assault and battery; fine and costs $5.54. Paid.

James Kennedy and Jerry Toombs, larceny of twelve rat traps, valued at $7; Kennedy discharged; Toomba convicted and sentence suspended until March 7th, at 9 A. M.

We counted, yesterday morning, seventeen cows and four horses *grazing* on Wisconsin between Van Buren and Cass Streets. Did we say *grazing*? Well, let that pass. They were doing their best. That remarkable saying of somebody's that this is a "free country," is fully exemplified by the very beasts of the field.

For the North Shore.—The propeller *Cuyahoga* will leave here at 8 o'clock this evening, for Two Rivers, touching at Port Washington, Sheboygan and Manitowoc.—She will sail from Dousman's Dock, foot of Erie street. For passage apply to Griffin & Co., foot of East Water street.

The regular monthly meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association took place last evening at their rooms, in Bowman's Block. The attendance was good, and the exercises profitable.

Letter from Charles Jewett.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

Fond du Lac, March 5th, 1860.

Mr. Editor:—An article from the La Crosse *Union*, on moderate drinking, with which I find my name associated, occupied a place in the *Sentinel* of the 3d inst., and as I sincerely believe it calculated to exert a mischievous influence, appearing as it does without any editorial dissent in the columns of one of the most influential papers of this State, I beg leave to reply through the same medium. We are told in the article that "our total abstinence American women are sadly degenerating" and that "German women drink beer and are as robust as any women in the world." Now a partial statement, even of an unquestionable truth; may often mislead as totally as a statement in which no truth is found. That American women of the present generation, are less robust than their great grandmothers is undoubtedly true, but it by no means follows that abstinence from the use of intoxicating drinks is the cause of that degeneracy. On the contrary, the most robust of our women are found where there is the least drinking, in the rural districts, while the most infirm are found where private and social drinking is most prevalent, in the cities.

Nowhere on earth, either with bipeds or quadrupeds, male or female, can physical degeneracy be properly attributed to water drinking. The conditions of health in all climates are a sufficient amount of proper food—a pure atmosphere, pure water as a drink, regular and sufficient exercise in the open air, cleanliness, proper protection from the extremes of heat and cold, sufficient sleep, cheerfulness, and the proper and natural exercise of their social interests. How rarely all these conditions are complied with by American women—let the observation of every one declare. Close rooms, with a consequent vitiated atmosphere, thin shoes, dresses all too thin for the season, when they walk abroad in winter, late hours, fruit-cake and strong coffee at evening parties, the constant and crushing restraints of over-strained refinement, and pleasures removed as far as possible from nature and simplicity, with quite too little muscular exercise, these are the causes of physical degeneracy with our American women, and not their abstinence from fermented liquors the active and coveted element in all which is alcohol, classed among poisons by all writers on toxicology. German women comply more perfectly with the conditions of health above enumerated, than American ladies, and consequently are more robust. The substitution of pure water for lager beer, which is the prime agent of disease and moral degeneracy among our German population, would add materially to their health, and vastly increase among them intelligence and pecuniary independence, as well as morality and domestic happiness. The Indians of Wisconsin *were* healthy before they knew the white man, or his fatal arts. Was their health attributable to the beer or wine they drank?

The editor of the *Union*, in an article which found place in your columns, informs us that "Queen Victoria has raised eight or ten babies and drinks beer." I will add another unquestionable fact: *Many* American queens, who are *water* drinkers, have raised a dozen babies, or more, each. If an inference favorable to beer is to be drawn from fact No. 1, what inference shall be drawn from fact No. 2?

The following statement in the article I am commenting on, is made in the style and language and smacks of the spirit of the beer or liquor shop:

"The most ridiculous thing of our time is to hear little, sallow, "dried up" men and women making an immense blow about the vices and indulgencies of the community, when one good, rollicking fast-liver, could clean out a regiment of them in ten minutes."

By the "little, sallow, 'dried up' men and women," undoubtedly is meant those who practice and advocate total abstinence. I am one of the number, and if the writer of that paragraph fancies he can secure any laurels by a trial of physical strength, I will accommodate him with the opportunity to win in that line when next I shall visit La Crosse. Select your "rollicking fast-liver" champion, thou *Union* man!—not exceeding one hundred and seventy-five pounds in weight—and let him show his power, not by the brutal sport of "mauling mugs," but by lifting heavy weights from the earth; and I will match him with a tee-totaler (of a weight not above that named,) who will lift his load with your champion on the top of it, Dr. Winship of Boston.

Think you, friend *Union*, that the thousands of total abstainers, who fill the ranks of our Lodges of Good Templars, Sons of Temperance, and other kindred organizations, are inferior to their beer or wine drinking neighbors in health or vigor. Why, man, the son of Manoah, known in his time by the name of Sampson, was a tee-totaler from his birth to his death, and yet, if I recollect a scrap of history, found in the Book of Judges, of the Sacred Record, he "cleaned out," in the elegant phraze of the *Union*, a regiment of the "fast livers" of Lehi with a very indifferent weapon, and then quenched his thirst and refreshed himself with a draught received from the hand of the All-Wise God, which was neither brandy, whiskey, or lager beer. Did Infinite Wisdom make a mistake in that case and fail to produce the best article to quench thirst and restore exhausted nature?

CHARLES JEWETT.

Local Nothings.

An editor had better die early than foolishly diniate.

True Sorrow—To row up Salt River.

A reason why young men should never send a sharp answer to visitors during Leap Year.—Because it might be Miss-applied.

The Greatest Freebooters—Our cheap cobblers.

Rather Mixed—The plan of the new City Hall.

"New Books Just Received."—Michelet's new book, "*Woman*," sequel to "L'Amour;" Atlantic Monthly for March; Harper's Magazine for March; Godey's Magazine for March; Peterson's Mag. for March; Ballou's Mag. for March; "Helper's Impending Crisis" of the South. Everything in the book and periodical line that is new, is kept constantly on hand at 25 Wisconsin street.

oct27'58daly W. E. TUNIS & CO.

TO THE PEOPLE!

I AM A CANDIDATE for City Comptroller at the ensuing Charter Election. J. L. HATHAWAY.
mar6'60d2

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

Notice is hereby given to the electors of the town of Lake, that a caucus will be held on Thursday, March 29th, at two o'clock P. M., at the house of Joseph Fischer, in said town, for the purpose of nominating candidates for town officers for the coming year.

Lake, March 5th, 1860.

PETER YATES,
JAS. P. HOWARD,
M. L. BURDICK,
Town Committee.

SEND YOUR
MAGAZINES, &C.,
TO THE
SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,
AND HAVE THEM BOUND.
☞ The Cost will be Trifling. ☜

REUNION.

Miner & Faries have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 23 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER,
R. J. FARIES.
Milwaukee Feb. 20th, 1860. feb18'60d2tdtf

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph

Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
my14'59dtf-1stpp A. WELLER, Agent.

EDWARD P. ALLIS,
LAND AND LOAN AGENT
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK,
ON EAST WATER STREET.

HOUSES TO RENT.

☞ Persons having houses to rent on or before 1st of May, will find good tenants by leaving a description at my office.

feb9'60d1f EDW. P. ALLIS.

☞ Subscribe for and Advertise in the *Manitowoc Tribune*, Daily and Weekly. The *Tribune* is the largest weekly, and the *only* daily paper north of Milwaukee. Terms, cash in advance.
Smith & Stone, Publishers. dtf

☞ To Merchants.—Advertise in the *Republican*, Graysville, Calumet Co., J. N. Stone Editor and Proprietor. aug10'61 3tf

☞ Drs. Julian & Edwards, Private Physicians. Office, 134 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis
my32'59dly

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.
Plans and specifications furnished, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Luchington's Block.
jan19'59dly

DIED:

In Northport, Waupaca County, Wis., March 1st, A. D. 1860, Willie J., infant and only son of A. J. and L. R. Moore.

The fairest flowers
Are the first to fade.

Transportation.

1860. Collingwood Route. 1860.

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

OF CANADA.

The Travelling public and Shippers of Freight are hereby informed, that arrangements have been perfected for a full and efficient

TRI-WEEKLY LINE
OF LARGEST CLASS, A ONE
Passenger & Freight Propellers,

which will commence running immediately upon the OPENING OF NAVIGATION

BETWEEN COLLINGWOOD & CHICAGO

TOUCHING AT ALL INTERMEDIATE PORTS

For freight or passage enquire of
A. T. SPENCER & CO., Chicago.
DOUSMAN & CO., Milwaukee.
J. P. KIRKLAND, Sheboygan.
JOHNSON & HODGES, Manitowoc.
J. LEWIS GRANT,
G. W. ROGERS, Supt. N. R. of Canada.
General Agent, Toronto, C. W.
Toronto, February 15, 1860. feb16'60d1mo

1860.
New York & Erie Railroad.

FREIGHT ARRANGEMENTS.

We have received the appointment of Agents for this Company, and are prepared to make contracts for Transportation of Property to and from

NEW YORK, BOSTON,
AND PRINCIPAL EASTERN CITIES.

☞ Shippers will find it to their advantage to call on us before making contract.

Through Bill of Lading given on eastward bound right, on application to
TIBBITS, STARKWEATHER & CO.,
General Northwestern Agents,
feb28'60 3 mo Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

CHOICE FARMING LANDS!

The Fox & Wisconsin Improvement Co.
NOW OFFER FOR SALE THEIR
Lands in the following Counties of the State of Wisconsin:

	Acres.
Adams Co.	1,000
Brown Co.	19,000
Red Ax Co.	1,120
Clark Co.	45,000
Calumet Co.	1,100
Crawford Co.	5,120
Columbia Co.	1,000
Dodgeville Co.	1,000
Dunn Co.	10,000
Eau Claire Co.	9,000
Fond du Lac Co.	1,720
Juneau Co.	1,400
Jackson Co.	2,000
Kewaunee Co.	14,000
Marathon Co.	9,000
Marquette Co.	7,000
Oconto Co.	11,000
Portage Co.	41,000
Richland Co.	1,000
St. Croix Co.	5,000
Sauk Co.	1,100
Shawanaw Co.	35,000
Trempleau Co.	7,000
Waupaca Co.	21,000
Washtara Co.	35,000

The above list comprises some of the very choicest farming, prairie, heavy timber, oak opening and pine lands in the State, and unceasing water powers of the first importance.

These lands were selected years ago, with regard to contiguity to market, and are therefore the very best selections in regard to soil and location to be found anywhere in the "Great North-West."

THE FOX & WISCONSIN IMPROVEMENT CO.,

will soon have completed the free Canal through Central Wisconsin, which connects Lake Michigan with the Mississippi River. A majority of these lands being within a few miles of this great improvement, will have unequaled facilities for shipping their products to all markets.

For further information, enquire of ROBERT SMITH, Agent of Trustees, or DANIEL C. JENNE, General Agent, at the Land Department, Appleton, Wis., or of

W. H. RUDWAY, Co.'s Agent.
my17'29dly1stp 19 Wisconsin st., Milwaukee, Wis.

J. L. McVICKAR & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN LUMBER.
Office Corner of Reed and South Water sts.

Joist, Timber and Dimension Lumber cut to order. Country Dealers and Builders are solicited to give us a call before purchasing, as our facilities for cutting lumber are unequalled, and by ordering of us they can have lumber sawed to suit their wants. All orders furnished with Railroad ties and Bridge timber at low figures.
feb9'61d4y-1stpp J. L. McVICKAR & CO.

800 Bushels
WHITE NESHANNOCK POTATOES;
a choice lot from Michigan. Enquire of J. W. GRISWOLD, Main street, next door north of Newhall House.
feb28'60d3w

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS, FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Washington Matters.

Washington, March 6—9 P. M.

Secretary Floyd appeared before the Harper's Ferry investigating committee, and testified to the receipt of an anonymous letter, already published, warning him of a threatened attack on the government arsenal in Maryland. As there was none in that State, he thought the letter was a hoax, which detected itself.

Thaddeus Hyatt returned to the city with the Sergeant-at-Arms, and will appear at the bar of the Senate immediately.

Mr. Gurley, of the committee on printing, will present a bill to-morrow or Wednesday, directing that the printing and binding authorized by Congress the Executive and Judicial Departments, and the Court of Claims, be executed under charge of the superintendent of public printing, who shall be authorized to contract for the lease, erection or purchase of the necessary buildings, materials and machinery, for that purpose.

Arrival of the Cahawba.

New York, March 6.

The Cahawba, from New Orleans, via Havana, reports but twelve feet at the mouth of the Mississippi, and the channel blocked up by a large ship aground.

The Cahawba stuck in the mud, remaining nineteen hours, until hauled off by a steam tug. She brings $10,000 in silver.

March 5.—Passed a large ship burnt to the water's edge. Name unknown.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Congressional Proceedings.

Washington, March 6—8 P. M.

House.—Mr. Schwartz asked, but failed to obtain leave to introduce a resolution instructing the Committee on Mileage to inquire into the expediency of restoring the compensation of Congressmen to what it was formerly, and into the expediency of regulating or reducing the mileage.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill reported last week, of which a synopsis has been given, for the protection of female passengers on board emigrant ships.

Mr. Jno Cochrane offered two amendments which were agreed to, providing that a process be issued against the offenders in the English, French or German languages, and that suit can be brought within one year from the time of the arrival of any vessel in port. The bill was passed.

Mr. Jno. Cochrane from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill for the simplification of the revenue laws. He said plain and radical changes had been made from the bill for a similar purpose reported at the last Congress.

All innovations were abandoned, and it was deemed best to confine the provisions of the bill to the existing laws on the subject, with such amendments only as were necessary to enforce them, and which are in accordance with the regulations of the Treasury Department for the last five years, without the sanction of law. This bill simply collates the laws now spread over a very large number of volumes.

It was of the utmost importance that the bill should be considered. The interests of commerce were dependent on it, because there was an imperfect code operating over the land.

The consideration of the bill was postponed until the 1st Tuesday in April.

Mr. Washburne, of Ill., from the committee on commerce, reported a joint resolution directing the unexpended balance of the appropriation of March, 1859, for repairing works and piers in order to secure the light house at Chicago, to be diverted to the repair and improvement of the harbor of that city. He said that the original appropriation was $87,000, of which sufficient sum had been expended for the light house, leaving $64,000 for the harbor. The resolution was passed.

Mr. Florence presented a memorial of the Insurance Companies, merchants and other citizens of Philadelphia, praying that Congress substitute steamers of light draught for the revenue service, in place of the present sailing schooners. Referred to committee on commerce.

The House prepared for the election of a chaplain. There were upwards of twenty persons nominated, including (by Mr. Briggs) the Jewish Rabbi, Dr. Rafael.

Mr. Branch nominated the whole clergy of the District of Columbia.

Mr. Patton nominated Rev. Mr. Lee, recently expelled from Kentucky.

After the roll was called many changed their names.

Mr. Briggs withdrew the name of Dr. Rafael.

Mr. Branch thought that all would agree that this scene should continue as short a time as possible. They now had an opportunity of knowing who was the strongest candidate. He now suggested that he should offer a resolution declaring a particular gentleman Chaplain. Let the other side offer an amendment proposing another candidate, then the previous question called and the contest could be settled by two votes.

Objections were made.

Whole number of votes, 190. Necessary to a choice, 96. Mr. Ball, Methodist, 41; Mr. Proctor, Methodist, 41; Thos. R. Stockton, 84; Mr. Waddell, 14; the remainder were scattering.

The House again voted. Mr. Stockton, of Philadelphia, was elected by fifteen majority.

Mr. Stalworth presented a memorial from Mobile, similar to the above mentioned one by Mr. Florence.

An invitation was received from the ladies of the Mount Vernon Association, inviting the members to accompany them on a visit to Mount Vernon to-morrow. Laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Sherman the bill to reduce mileage from 40 to 20 cents per mile to be computed by a straight geographical line, was taken up.

Mr. Washburne, of Ill., ineffectually requested Mr. Sherman to give an amendment repealing all laws allowing any.

Senate.—On motion of Mr. Mason it was ordered that Mr. Hyatt be remanded into the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms, and be given till 2 o'clock on Friday next, to answer the questions propounded.

Mr. Wilson introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Military to consider the expediency of transferring the control of the Indians from the Interior to the War Department.

Various reports and bills of no general interest were introduced.

The military academy bill was taken up, and on motion its reference to the committee on military affairs was reconsidered.

On motion of Mr. Brown the unfinished business of yesterday was postponed.

The resolutions relative to the territories were called up.

Mr. Brown addressed the Senate. He said when he introduced the resolutions that they would meet the approbation of all the Democrats in the Chamber, but on that point he had not been undeceived. He then proceeded to argue following proposition:

First—That slaves are property under the Constitution.

Second—That being property, the slaveholder has a right to take this slave to the common Territory.

Third—That this right existing, the slaveholder is entitled to protection in his property in the Territories.

He held, and here he differed from the majority of his party, that it was the duty of the Territorial Legislature to afford the slaveholder protection, and if that neglected its duty, then it was the duty of Congress to act. He was opposed to any compromise on this question, which sacrifices principle.

The subject was postponed.

Mr. Fitch called attention to a communication from the Regent of the Mount Vernon Association, inviting the members of both Houses of Congress to visit Mount Vernon to-morrow. He moved that the Senate meet to-morrow at 12 o'clock, so as to adjourn early.

Agreed to.

Mr. Gwin moved to take up the military academy bill, so as to decide upon the amendment appropriating $1,300,000 to equip a regiment of mounted Texas volunteers.

Mr. Wigfall urged the necessity of immediate action.

Mr. Fessenden was opposed to immediate action, on the ground that they had not yet heard from the President or Secretary of War.

After further discussion, a message from the President was read, enclosing Gen. Houston's letter and a lengthy communication from the Secretary of War, communicating official reports on the difficulties on the Rio Grande.

The question was then taken on the motion to take up the bill, which was carried. Yeas 27, nayes 17.

Wisconsin Legislature.

Madison, March 6—9 P. M.

Assembly.—Assembly met at 9 a. m.

Petitions, Remonstrances, &c.—From the citizens of Waupun against incorporating said village; for a special committee to inquire whether any relief can be granted to farm mortgagors in the Milwaukee & Superior Railroad.

After a long debate the time for paying interest on school and university lands, was extended for thirty days.

Bills Introduced—To execute the trust created by the act of Congress granting lands to this State, and incorporating the Winnebago & Lake Superior Railroad; to fix the time for holding court in Waukesha county; to amend chapter 2 of R. S. entitled, "Of Counties and their Boundaries;" to declare certain roads in the town of Spring Brook lawful highways; to authorize the commissioners of school and university lands to remit penalties in certain cases, and to change the time for the annual distribution of the school fund income. Passed. To provide for the payment of chaplains of the Legislature for 1860; to amend chapter 13 of R. S., entitled, "Of Counties and County Officers."

Bills Passed—To amend the charter of Waukesha; to incorporate the village of Fort Atkinson.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the assessment law and spent two hours therein.

Senate.—Remonstrances of citizens of citizens of Washington county, against the boundaries of the 3d Judicial Circuit.

Bills introduced.—To authorize the commissioners of School and University lands to remit penalties in certain cases; to change the time for the annual distribution of School funds; to provide for the payment of Chaplains of the Legislature, for 1860; to amend chap. 13 of R. S. entitled of Counties and County officers.

Bills passed.—To amend the Charter of Waukesha; to incorporate the village of Fort Atkinson. A warm debate occurred on the bill for the protection of Religious Societies, in the course of which some sharp talk took place between Senators Gill and Curtis.

Application was made to the Supreme Court of this State for a writ of Habeas Corpus in the case of S. M. Booth. The application is now under advisement, and a decision will be given in the morning. Judge Paine declines to act in the matter. Chief Justice Dixon and Judge Cole are to decide. It is thought the writ will be ordered.

Louisiana Democratic State Convention.

Baton Rouge, March 6—9 P. M.

The Democratic State Convention met and organized to-day.

Resolutions were offered instructing the delegates at Charleston to support the nominee of that Convention, if he were a good Democrat.

A resolution was offered to sustain Mr. Davis' territorial resolutions at Charleston, and if the principles is rejected, the delegates should withdraw.

A bolting resolution was rejected, and a series of resolutions adopted expressing undiminished confidence in Buchanan's administration, embodying the principles of Davis' Territorial resolutions recommending two-thirds rule. The vote of Louisiana was to be cast as a unit; in case of the election of a Black Republican President, that Louisiana should meet her sister slaveholding States in council and adopt measures of future protection. The delegates are untrammeled by instructions, but Slidell is recommended for the Presidency. The Convention pledges the Democracy of the State to support the nominee of the Charleston Convention. E Lagree and Richard Taylor were appointed delegates at large, and the Convention then adjourned.

Washington Matters.

Washington, March 6.

The President to-day replied to the Senate's resolution, calling for information with reference to the present condition of affairs on the Rio Grande.

Among the documents in, is a letter from Governor Houston, dated Austin, February 15, adressed to the Secretary of War, in which he says that he deplores the situation of Texas. Her empty treasury, her unexampled Indian troubles for the last ten years, and the forays of Mexico on her Southern Boundary, and asks, in the name of humanity, if the Federal arm shall not speedily be raised effectually on behalf of her suffering frontier. Should this not be done, he says he shall, in a short time, be compelled to the indefeasible right of self-defence to protect the Border, not only to defeat the enemy, but to prevent the recurrence of similar disorders on the frontier.

Texas can and will, if applied to, in thirty days be able to maintain ten thousand men who are embarrassed, as her finances are, to make reclamations on Mexico for all her wrongs. Can she hope for aid from the Federal Government? She will, in addition to her manifest forbearance, venture yet to defer for the action of the Federal Government.

Steamer Blown Up.

Easton, Pa., March 6—9 P. M.

The new steamer built here exploded her boiler at noon to-day, when about starting on her first trip. She is a complete wreck. A number of persons were killed; only one body has been recovered. The names of the victims are not yet ascertained.

LATER.

Killed.—Samuel Yates, of Easton, Edward McIntyre (colored) Easton; Stewart Beatty, and Arthur Kestler, of Easton.

Wounded.—Eugene Troxell, of Easton, slightly; Joseph Losey, Washington, N. J., slightly; Wm. Parks, Easton, arm broken; A Medler, Richard Williams, and Robert Burnell, of Easton, slightly; P. Bercaw, Easton, leg broken; John Smith, of Belvidere, will hardly recover.

The scene on shore after the explosion is impossible to describe. Women who were fearful relations were on board ran about almost distracted, questioning every one in regard to the dreadful affair.

The Shoemakers' Strike—Capture of a Slaver.

Boston, March 6—9 P. M.

The shoemakers' strike is rapidly extending to all the principal manufacturing towns in the State. The latest demonstrations are at Newburyport, North Bridgewater, Dutton and Salem. The strikers are orderly and peaceable.

The bark Salem, from St Helena, 24th, reports the arrival there of the British steamer Tretun with a Spanish slaver with 600 negroes on board.

Chicago Municipal Election—Republican Triumph.

Chicago, March 6—9 P. M.

The Municipal Election passed without any disturbance of consequence. The vote polled was large; will probably reach eighteen thousand. Returns received indicate the election of the entire Republican ticket by from four to seven hundred majority.

Richmond, Va., March 6—9 P. M.

The Senate to-day rejected the majority report favoring a Southern Conference, and agreed to the minority report adverse to the Conference. The House has not yet acted upon it.

New York, March 6—9 P. M.

The steamer Isaac Newton left to-night for Albany, the first boat of the season.

The Hungarian.

Montreal, March 3.

The following was received by the Hungarian's agent here last evening:

Bareington, March 1.

To Edmunston, Allen & Co.—I have returned from Baccaro light-house. I went over twelve miles of the coast. No more bodies have been found. Three trunks have been found, one belonging to Margaret Robertson, Montreal; one to Robert Martin, Toronto; and one to W. R. Crocker, Norwich, Ct.

I found a quantity of goods at Baccaro and Pt. Latour, but not a package whole. I also found one boat undamaged. From the appearance of the goods I don't think it is advisable to keep the schooner longer.—Lloyd's agent advises the goods to be sold here, they being so badly damaged.

The goods are spread over a space of about seventy miles, and being in so many hands, there will be great difficulty in collecting. The surveyors have not yet given in their report. (Signed) A. Crawford.

The following is a list of the passengers booked per the Hungarian, at

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY.

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 6, '60.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

A. SCOTT SLOAN.

"Read and Circulate."

The N. Y. *Tribune* closes an earnest and eloquent notice of Governor SEWARD'S great speech with the following note-worthy suggestion:

We say, then, to our fellow Republicans, if you mean to triumph at the close of this year, help to put this speech into every house and inhabited cabin in the *Free States*. Could it be so circulated in the doubtful States, we should regard most of them as doubtful no longer. Thousands who blindly execrate Gov. Seward will yet read his speeches, knowing that they are able and thorough, and that they never blink the great question at issue. There should be at least one million copies of this speech in the hands of so many voters within the next month; who will help put that number in circulation?—or rather, what Republican will not? We shall have issued 250,000 copies of it before this day is ended, and at least 50,000 more to-morrow; but what is that aggregate compared with the urgent requirement? There should be one hundred thousand circulated forthwith in New Jersey, with half a million in Pennsylvania, and an equal number in Indiana and Illinois. Republicans of every State, but especially those who regard Gov. Seward as our proper standard-bearer, in the impending Presidential struggle! We ask each of you to select himself a committee of one, to take care that this speech be put forthwith into the hands of every voter who will read it?

We commend the suggestion to the favorable consideration of the Republicans of Wisconsin. No better electioneering document can be placed in the hands of Voters than the speech of Gov. SEWARD. Our Republican County and Town Committees should take prompt measures to secure a sufficient number of copies to supply *every Elector in their respective districts.*

Gerrit Smith Suing for Libel.

Suits have been commenced by GERRIT SMITH against WATTS SHERMAN, ROYAL PHELPS and S. L. M. BARLOW, of New York city, and members of the "New York Democratic Vigilant Association," for a libel contained in the notorious address issued by them last fall, in the vain hope of preventing a Republican triumph in the Empire State. In each case the damages are laid at $50,000, and it is certainly to be hoped that the gentlemen named will be made to pay smartly for the infamous lies about the Republican party and prominent Republican leaders, which they published to the world, over their signatures, in October. The following is the letter addressed by the son-in-law of Mr. SMITH to each of his libellers:

PETERBORO, February 13, 1860.

WATTS SHERMAN, Esq.—Sir: My father-in-law, Mr. GERRIT SMITH, has at length so far waked up from the sadness of his intellect, as to be able to read and hear to read. He has just now seen for the first time the "Manifesto of the New York Democratic Vigilant Association," published last October, in which you consented, in company with a certain "Central Association" of bloody and horrible purposes.

As Mr. SMITH belongs to no society, has always opposed secret societies, had never before heard of this "Central Association," and condemns all shedding of human blood, save by Government, he necessarily feels himself to be deeply wronged by you and your associates. He holds you and them responsible for calling in effect upon the people both of the North and South to distrust and defame him.

Mr. SMITH wishes to know without any delay whether you and your associates will persist in your libel, or make the unqualified and ample retraction which the case calls for.

Yours, respectfully,
CHAS. D. MILLER.

A correspondence follows between the parties, in the course of which Mr. MILLER, speaking for Mr. SMITH, thus defines the political *status* of the latter:

Mr. Smith confesses that he has no sympathy with the Republican party. He will not greatly deplore the advantages you may gain over it. But he must protest against your gaining them at his expense. Mr. SMITH is an Abolitionist, and not, as you would have it believed, a Republican. The odium of his principles he alleges all to himself; and it is not right that the Republican party should suffer at all from it. But although Mr. SMITH is an Abolitionist, he has friends and relatives both at the North and South. Moreover, he shares quite as highly of Southern, as of Northern charity. I said, that although he has purchased the freedom of many slaves, and has a few of them with his own free hands, he can very frequently be found within two or three hours drive of Harper's Ferry, and that such fact is a very willing contributor to "Underground Railroads," he would nevertheless not have any connivance in the freedom at the expense of killing find it either. He has always said that he would rather redeem a slave for life than get his liberty by bloodshed.

Warlike.

We learn that our gallant contemporary, Col. King, has issued orders to the several military companies of the city, to hold themselves in readiness to obey the orders of the Commander-in-Chief, W. Randall, and not to come out on the requisition of the U. S. Marshal, or any event, contingency or emergency of any name, nature or description whatsoever.—*News of yesterday.*

Our credulous neighbor has been victimized by some of the wags about town, who amuse themselves, just now, in "selling" Marshal LEWIS and his Deputies, Col. PEARTAIN and other distinguished Democratic leaders, by all sorts of "rescue" stories. "Col. KING" has issued no orders o' any sort to the military companies of this city, in regard to the apprehended contingency. The *News* is charitably apprehensive that "Gov. RANDALL and Col. KING will make great asses of themselves on rather slight provocation." The editor of the *News* runs no such risk. He is a ready-made ass.

Madison Correspondence.

MADISON, March 5.

Soon after the Assembly opened its session this morning, Mr. Bolton entered, in company with the Hon. Joshua R. Giddings, the great negro-worshipper, from the city, who had lectured here the previous evening, and begged the privilege of conducting his friend Giddings to the Speaker's stand. No objection being made Mr. Bolton *took the old negrotist by the hand and led him up the aisle just as a Sicilian negrotist leads his monkey.*

On arriving at the Speaker's desk, Speaker Lyon introduced the old man to the Assembly, amidst the deafening cheers of his negro followers.—*Stones in the air.*

These choice bits of blackguardism constitute the main staple of the "Sioux" letters. They may "tickle the ears of the groundlings," and gratify the taste of "pot-house politicians," but it is to be hoped that they disgust every decent man in the Democratic party.

ENCOURAGEMENT TO HOME INDUSTRY.—Several of the Southern States have lately adopted measures for the encouragement of home manufactures. Texas has under consideration a bill to encourage the establishment of home manufactories within its limits. It is couched in the following terms:

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That from and after the passage of this act, whenever any person or persons shall commence the construction of any manufacturing establishments, for the manufacture of silk, cotton or woolen cloth, for the purpose of manufacturing articles of use or ornament from copper or silver, from the native ores or bullion, he or they shall be entitled to receive from the State of Texas ten sections of land of 640 acres each for every $10,000 invested in said manufacturing establishment or establishments, upon the terms and conditions hereinafter prescribed.

The Legislature of Louisiana has a bill before it for the same purpose, which, among other things, appropriates six dollars per ton for all vessels built within the State.

Our own Legislature has had its attention called to this important subject, and will, we trust, adopt some practical measure for the establishment of home manufactures and the encouragement of home industry. It is the "one thing needful" to build up our city and State. Manufactures, well established on a sound basis within our borders, and started under right auspices, could not fail of success.

ARRIVAL BY TELEGRAPH.—We shall publish to-morrow Senator Douglas' speech, in reply to Senator Seward. It is one of Mr. Douglas' most effective speeches, and exposes in a clear and masterly style the fallacies of Seward.—*News of yesterday.*

The readers of the *News* must take this upon trust, as that paper very prudently refrains from publishing "the fallacies of SEWARD." Mr. DOUGLAS did not and could not answer a single point in the argument of Senator SEWARD, and therefore sought refuge in perversion of the speech and insinuations against its author.

REPUBLICANISM IN WESTERN NEW YORK.—Never before have the Republicans elected so many supervisors in New York as at the late town meetings. Chautauque county, which elects nineteen and probably twenty Supervisors, out of twenty-five, is a specimen of the Republican tornado which is sweeping over that State. In the town of Panama the Republicans had *every vote!* The whole number was 699, and the Republican majority was 699! In Onondaga county the Republicans carried 17 out of 18 towns.

AN INDIANIAN, by the name of Michael Fiamoros, was kicked by an ox, directly in front of Grant's store, last week, by which internal injuries were received, so that he died in two or three days.—*Wis. Pioneer, 2d.*

Republicanism and Democracy.

The N. Y. *Courier & Enquirer*, thus briefly and intelligently introduces the principles and positions of the two great parties at issue, and elucidates the difference between them. The Republicans have on their banner:—

The Constitution, and the Constitutional rights of all the States.

The Principles of WASHINGTON, MADISON, and JEFFERSON, as illustrated in their Administration of the General Government; and in the ordinance of 1787.

Hostility to the African Slave Trade.

Opposition to Slavery extension.

SLAVERY, a local and not a National Institution.

The self-styled Democracy, have on the contrary, emblazoned on their banner:—

Repudiation of the Principles of WASHINGTON, MADISON, and JEFFERSON, as illustrated in 1787, and in their Administration of the General Government.

The Dissolution of the Union, if a majority of the People should remove the Democracy from power.

SLAVERY, National, and not local; and carried by the Constitution into the Free Territories of the Union.

The re-opening of the African Slave Trade.

FROM MADISON.

Dogs, Dogs, Dogs, Dogs.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

MADISON, March 5, 1860.

The rogues slighted me into the water with as little remorse as they would have drowned a blind puppies, fifteen i' the litter.—SHAKESPEARE.

DEAR SENTINEL:—To-day was dog's day. Senator TAYLOR, of Dane County, has an irrepressible hatred of the canine race. Nearly every man has a dogma, and Senator TAYLOR'S dogma is, to be against dog-mas and pa's too. His dogma goes to the general putting down and curtailing of every other man's dogma. I cannot forbear quoting extensively from the learned Senator's remarks.

He said other States have seen the necessity of dog laws. States that were formerly largely engaged in wool-growing have been gradually decreasing in this branch of industry. He had a letter from the Secretary of the State Agricultural Society of Massachusetts in which he said that the growing of sheep had become almost obsolete, owing to the depredations. He had no doubt that the passage of their dog-law in 1858 would add fully one million of dollars to the wealth of that State in 1860. Maine has been decreasing ever since 1840, until they are this winter enacting a dog-law similar to the Massachusetts law. The same has been the experience of Ohio. In 1858 Ohio produced 10,196,000 lbs of wool—in 1859 but a little over 5,000,000 lbs. and it has been shown that 97,000 sheep had been destroyed in one year by dogs, worth $146,780. In 1854 she reached her maximum and had some $8,000,000 worth of sheep—in 1859 estimated at $4,700,000, the main decrease owing to the destruction of dogs.

Ohio is this Winter passing a dog law, one far more stringent than the one now before the committee. They found as fashionable dogs increased, valuable dogs decreased. In 1850 the United States imported 32,000,000 pounds of wool. The money paid for this should have been kept at home. But the growth of wool is not the only advantage to be gained by killing dogs. It has been stated that some fourteen or fifteen persons had during the past year died of that most terrible disease—hydrophobia. One human life is worth more than all the dogs in the State. It will also open new avenues to wealth to the farmer. The wheat crop is uncertain, and we must encourage manufactures, and thus give employment to thousands who otherwise would be idle. He considered this bill as an important measure, and he hoped Senators would meet this question fairly and discuss it honestly—meet it by argument, not by ridicule, and pass it on its merits.

On Saturday, Senator GILL spoke against the bill. He was in favor of dogs generally, and especially of Wisconsin dogs. They were the poor man's comforts. He couldn't keep house without them. Why couldn't we have a law against cats. I suppose the learned Senator thought if cats didn't destroy sheep, they did destroy sleep, and otherwise interfered with vested rights.—The Senator was in earnest in his opposition, and made a powerful display.

Senator EGAN was in favor of the measure, and supported it manfully.

I cannot see the sense or wit of opposing such a bill as this. It is not half stringent enough. There are hundreds of dogs in this State to-day, that are inoculated with virus, and ready to run mad at any instrnt. Hundreds of children were kept out of School in Milwaukee, and other cities, last year, because their parents were afraid they would be bitten; and in several instances they were bitten, and have died since, probably.

If Senators are not aware of these facts, they are too ignorant of current events to hold positions of trust and honor; and if they are not ignorant of them, there is no excuse for them. 'Tis a sweet sight to see men grow factious, and oppose such a bill, when mad dogs, with hot poisonous breath, fiery eyes, and glistening teeth dripping with virus, are tearing mouths' full of flesh from the faces and bodies of school children, and men and women, and biting cattle, sheep and horses all over the State. FIFTEEN HUMAN BEINGS died a most horrible death last year, from the bites of these domestic curses.

Still, the remarks are funny. Yes, positively funny, about dogs! The honorable gentlemen ought to have tin kettles tied to their coat-tails, and be broom-sticked thro' the State by old women, as a laughing stock and general disgrace. A man may put prussic acid on my beefsteak, or arsenic in the bread, or any other funny thing of that kind, but I most decidedly object to his being so facetious as to turn tons of the deadliest poison loose in every county of the State, with no cover on the poison but the skins of a hundred thousand mad, unmuzzled dogs.

If a poor man is so poor that he must have his pup protected, though it endanger the lives of a whole community, he had better "go West." In this country of cheap newspapers and books, there is something more intellectual than propagating fleas, or patting curs on the head. It might add to the general intelligence, if the food and time wasted on these tame wolves were spent for newspapers. I hope all who oppose this bill will be treed by mad dogs some rainy night, and kept there till they know something.

Yours, INWARIABLE.

THE DEMOCRATS INSIST UPON HAVING SLAVERY IN KANSAS.—We have another exemplification of the determination of the Democratic party, so far as is within its power, to introduce Slavery into the Territories. For the second time, Gov. Medary, of Kansas, has defeated the action of the people of that Territory in their efforts to prohibit Slavery within their midst. Will the American people note this? Here is a community that does not want Slavery, and have gone regularly about abolishing it through their Territorial Legislature. There is no danger that this is a mere spasmodic ovination, for they have incorporated the same idea into a Constitution which has been passed upon favorably by five-sixths of the legal voters of the Territory. And yet the Democratic party refuses to permit them to abolish Slavery in their own midst, although it was to this very people they made the pledge that they should "be left perfectly free to form and regulate their own domestic institutions in their own way." Slavery is now substantially forced upon them by the Democratic party. *Slavery is declared by a Democratic Governor to be above the reach of the people!*—*Detroit Tribune.*

AN AUSTRIAN GOVERNOR TAKES A SHREWD WAY TO ABOLISH CRINOLINE.—The Austrian commander at Mantua, lately published a proclamation, in which he took occasion to recommend the use of crinoline. The next Sunday nearly all the Italian ladies went to church without their crinoline, to show their dislike of the Austrian rule. Let it not be said hereafter that the science of government is not understood by the Austrians.

Mr. Seward's Speech.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says:

"The audience assembled to hear Governor Seward's speech filled every available spot in the Senate galleries, and overflowed into all the adjacent lobbies and passages, crowding them with throngs eager to follow the argument of the Senator, or even to catch an occasional sentence or word; while, throughout its delivery, a constant stream of life flowed up and down the gorgeous staircases of the Chamber, vainly beating against the compact masses who had been so fortunate as to get early possession of the ground, and, thence recoiling and deflecting, the disappointed current would glide into eddies around the hall, and linger in groups beyond ear-shot of the speaker, unwilling to abandon all hope of ultimately catching a glimpse of the scene transpiring below.

It was on the floor itself that the most interesting spectacle was presented. Every Senator seemed to be in his seat. Hunter, Davis, Toombs, Mason, Hammond, Slidell, Clingman, Benjamin and Brown, paid the very closest attention to the speaker. Crittenden listened to every word. Douglas affected to be self-possessed; but his nervousness of mien gave token that the truths now uttered awakened unpleasant memories of the Lecompton contest, when he, Seward, and Crittenden, the famous Triumvirate, led the allies in the attack upon a corrupt and despotic Administration.

The Members of the House streamed over to the north wing of the Capitol, almost in a body, leaving Mr. Reagan, of Texas, to discourse to empty benches, while Seward held his forces in the Senate.

The auditory he drew around him to-day might have temporarily disturbed the equanimity of a more iron-nerved man than he. When he rose, and the hum of voices, and the rustle incident to a large crowd, were hushed to repose, and all eyes bent upon him, the slight embarrassment perceptible in his voice and mien, was doubtless due to the internal agitation induced by the burden of an undelivered speech—which every orator so well understands—rather that to anything like ordinary fear. But this tremor of tone and limb soon disappeared, and he spoke with as much self-possession as he would in conversing with a friend in his drawing-room, or as he did in conference with Lord Palmerston in Piccadilly, and Louis Napoleon at Compiegne.

And now was exhibited the magic spell, so clearly seen but so difficult to explain, which Gov. Seward's speeches usually throw around his auditors. In manner, voice and gesture, he has none of the electric splendor of Clay, nor the marvelous majesty of Webster. His voice is husky, his gestures angular, his postures still and immovable, his whole manner dry and didactic, but still, today as of yore, he had the unbroken attention for nearly two hours of an audience, half of whom stood or sat in uncomfortable positions, and composed of all the variegated classes that congregate in this cosmopolitan capital, from the loftiest statesmanship and scholarship, intent only upon the subject-matter presented, and the style in which it was clothed, down to the most fashionable beaux and belles, seemingly desirous only of displaying exquisite moustaches and gorgeous bonnets and dresses.

The Nominee for Chief Justice, and the Action of the State Convention.

The Janesville *Gazette*, in an article upon the action of the Republican State Convention, says:

"The nomination of Mr. Sloan was received by the Convention with evident signs of satisfaction, and we have not the slightest doubt that the people will ratify it. One of the highest qualifications for a Judge is conceded to him by all parties—*he is an honest man.* Another—*he is a fair man*, say all his neighbors and acquaintances. Fortunately he has been tried as to his ability—having occupied the bench of the Third Judicial Circuit, with the entire approbation of the people and the bar. A year ago, with a political majority of 2,500 against him in that Circuit, he came within a few votes of an election against a popular Democratic candidate. Upon occasions he has dispensed justice in the Circuit Court of this county, and always to the satisfaction of the public. A. SCOTT SLOAN, is, therefore, just such a man as Rock would desire to fill the place of the lamented Whiton, and she will do her part in placing him there.

"Not only did the action of the Convention for Judge, but the unanimity of the people's delegates on the question of the Presidency, determines beyond all doubt that Wm. H. Seward is the favorite of Wisconsin Republicans. Not a voice was raised against the resolution declaring him the preference of the State. Wisconsin is a unit on that question."

SLAVERY FINALLY ABOLISHED IN KANSAS.—We stop the press to announce the joyful tidings that the bill prohibiting Slavery in Kansas has just passed both branches of the Legislative Assembly, by the requisite two-thirds majority over the Governor's veto, and is now the law of the land! Six years ago, the Democracy abolished the time-honored ordinance of Freedom and threw wide open the gates of this beautiful Territory to Slavery. To-day, the PEOPLE, striding defiantly over the veto of a Democratic Federal Governor, and the votes of a majority of that party, in both branches of the Legislative Assembly, have re-established the old ordinance of Liberty in these words: *Slavery, or involuntary servitude, except for the punishment of crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, is and shall be forever prohibited in this Territory." This act shall take effect from and after its passage.*

The victory is at last won. Now let us see whether the Democracy in Congress will *dare* to pass a *slave code.*—*Lawrence (Kansas) Republican.*

AN EXCITED CHRISTIAN.—The editor of the *Christian Banner*, a paper of the Baptist persuasion, published at Fredericksburg, Va., has the following mild remarks on the late vote of Hon. HENRY WINTER DAVIS for Mr. PENNINGTON as Speaker:

"There is no peaceful locality for a traitor. Execrated by heaven, scorned by earth, hissed by hell's deepest damned, with legions of loathing vipers forever gnawing at the fountain of vitality, he is sent adrift through immeasurable space, continually lashed with a thousand scorpion thongs, while his awful wailings rend the air, 'My punishment is greater than I can bear.'"

Watches and Jewelry.

A. B. VAN COTT.

BEST RAILROAD TIME-KEEPERS OF THE BEST ENGLISH, SWISS AND American manufacture, in Gold and Silver cases. Great variety of all kinds of Silver and Plated Ware, and new rich Jewelry of every style and description.

Watch Materials, &c.

Corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jy26.

HOLIDAY GOODS!!

THE GREATEST VARIETY, BEAUTIful, CHOICE, the FINEST Goods ever brought WEST, just now received.

☞ COME AND SEE. Where we ALWAYS AIM to represent goods as THEY ARE, at the Jewelry Store of MADISON & DOUGLASS.
dec17 201 East Water st., Milwaukee.

BAYLEY & PATTERSON'S

Photograph Gallery,

183 EAST WATER STREET.

W. F. BAYLEY HAVING SOLD ONE-half of his Photograph Gallery to R. W. PATTERSON, they would now say to the public that they are prepared to furnish every desirable style of Picture now known to the Art. Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, Photographs, Melainotypes, Stereoscopes, and in fact every other desirable style of Pictures, executed in a finer and better style, and at lower prices than at any other Gallery west of New York.

☞ We respectfully invite the public to give us a call.

W. F. BAYLEY,
R. W. PATTERSON,
Artists.
oct17-d1y1878

SAPONIFIER,

OR

CONCENTRATED POTASH

More than Double the Strength of Ordinary Potash

FOR MAKING SOAP WITHOUT LIME, with little trouble and at trifling expence. The cheapest article ever discovered for the purpose. One pound will make twelve or fifteen gallons of good soft Soap, or nine pounds Hard Soap. Printers will find it a superior article for cleaning type. It is perfectly soluble and free from sediment.

Broken in small lumps and put up in 1, 2, 4 and 1b cans.

Manufactured at the CHALLENGE CHEMICAL WORKS, Brooklyn, and sold by

E. K. BURKEE & CO.,
oct18-18dawly1y 181 Pearl Street, New York.

A. P. LOCKERBY'S

GENERAL LAND AGENCY,

WAUSAU, WISCONSIN.

FOR MAKING COLLECTIONS, EXAMINATION of Titles, Payment of Taxes, and the transaction of all Real Estate business, in Northern and Central Wisconsin.

REFERENCES.

Lawrence & Hobart, Wausau, Wis.; Strickland & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Hon. A. D. Ellis, Stevens Point, Wis.; N. Vanalstine, Madison, Wis.; O. H. Taylor, St. Louis, Mo.; W. G. Bryant & Co., N. Y. City; L. W. Koelkebeky, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

☞ Office corner Jackson and Fourth sts.
A. P. LOCKERBY,
febb2333d6m Dep't Co. Register.

BLAIR & PERSONS,

156 EAST WATER STREET,

HAVE ON HAND A SPLENDID STOCK of Parian Marble, Terra Cotta and Chinese Vases, Statuettes, Busts, Card Stands, Jewel Stands, Match Boxes, Colognes Pitchers, Tete-a-Tete Setts, &c. Also Rich Bronzes, Java Goods, Silver Plated Tea Setts, Cake Baskets, Spoons, Knives, Forks, &c. Toy Tea Setts, Gilt Cups, Decorated Mugs, &c., &c.
dec18

ISINGLASS.—COOPER'S REFINED, IN sheet and shred for sale by
EDWARD TRUSLOW, 116 East Water st.

Amusements.

Young Men's Association Lectures.

JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS

DELIVERS THE LAST OF THE COURSE AT

ALBANY HALL,

On Thursday Eve., March 8, 1860.

SUBJECT: "SCENES IN CONGRESSIONAL LIFE."
Doors open at 7, Lecture at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 25 Cents, at the Rooms and at the Door.
mar6,2t4d

MASQUERADE!!

BIERSACH & GRASSLER,

No. 294 West Water Street, Milwaukee.

HAVE ON HAND A LARGE AND beautiful assortment of

FANCY DRESSES,

For Masquerades, consisting in part of the choicest and most fashionable French, Spanish, Italian and Oriental characters, which they are now prepared to lend or sell on the most reasonable terms.

All kinds of dresses made to order at the shortest notice, and in the neatest and most correct style.

☞ Dresses sent to all parts of the State.
BIERSACH & GRASSLER, 294 West Water st.
jan13jy6d2mo

BADGER STATE BOWLING SALOON

NO. 107 MAIN STREET.

PINS AND BALLS FOR SALE, AND sent to any part of the country.
mar2'15d1y P. LAUBENGE.

ALBANY RESTAURANT

AND BILLIARD ROOM.

Albany Block, corner Main and Michigan Sts

OPPOSITE NEWHALL HOUSE, MILWAUKEE.

☞ Ladies' Entrance second door on Main street
nov23'15d43d1y

Wants.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, OR two or three single gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant Rooms and board, at 297 Milwaukee str. et, near the Post Office. mar6,3t9d1t

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I WANT TO EMPLOY A VERY STEADY man for three months to assist me in my Auction and Commission business. He must write a good business hand, quick in figures, well acquainted with the localities of, and must have a general knowledge of the people of Milwaukee. A single young man would be preferred, but will have no objection to one who is married, provided he is qualified. It is useless for anyone to apply except he understands all that I have said.
CALEB WALL.

WANTED TO PURCHASE. THE INterest of a Temperance Restaurant al, ready established, in a flourishing town, or Railroad Station in this State or Michigan. Address, stating particulars, box 1332 Milwaukee Post Office. oct18

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I WANT TO PURCHASE A LOT IN Milwaukee Proper, Fifth Ward, cheap for all cash down. The lot must be free from all dispute whatever.
CALEB WALL.

CITY AUCT ON ROOM.

WANT TO PURCHASE FROM TEN or fifteen thousand dollars worth of property in the city limits. Such property I want for purchase by the note. Apply to
CALEB WALL.

For Sale or Rent.

To Real Estate Owners.

WE HAVE A GOOD DWELLING HOUSE in the 7th Ward, and some choice city lots to exchange for a good Warehouse, or Built property. A fair proportion of CASH given for the right kind of property.
PRICE, FARMER & CO.
Milwaukee, Feb. 21. feb20,6t2dw

Houses for Rent or Sale.

M. L. SKINNER,
feb22,6t2d3mo Office No. 4 Martin's Block.

SEVERAL HOUSES ON LEASED LAND for sale very cheap. M. L. SKINNER.

THE GREENLEAF RESIDENCE, NEAR the 7th Ward School, for sale very low. $500 down.
M. L. SKINNER.
feb22

Houses to Let.

TWO BRICK HOUSES ON ASTOR ST., near Division. Rent low. Possession given immediately. Apply to
A. F. CLARKE,
No. 4 Mitchell's Building, 2d floor.
Milwaukee, March 2d, 1860. mar2,6t3d

TO LET.

THE BRICK STORE NO. 169 EAST Water street, now occupied by Green & Sutton. Possession given the 1st of May. Apply to
A. F. CLARKE,
Feb. 16th, 1860. No. 4 Mitchell's Building.

TO LET, OR FOR SALE.

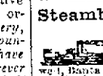
THE BRICK HOUSE ON THE CORNER of Martin and Lake streets, known as the Grant House. Possession given May 1st. Enquire of
F. C. GRANT,
Feb. 20th, 1860. No. 4 Mitchell's Building.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT ON VERY easy terms, the North tenement of double house on Jackson str. et, second tenement above Sheriff Dunlap. The house is in good order and very convenient. Possession given immediately. Apply to
CALEB WALL, Owner.
feb7

Steamboat City of Cleveland

FOR SALE.

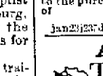


THE STEAMER CITY OF CLEVELAND was built by Bidwell, Banta & Co., in the year 1857, and is of seven hundred and eighty-eight tons burthen, as per inspection.

This Steamer has ample passenger accommodations, and is well furnished and equipped as a first class passenger boat; her capacity for freight and passengers is fully equal (if not superior) to any boat of her class on the lower ranges. Can launch first class excursion boat.

The Boat will be sold on very favorable terms, both as to price and terms of payment, and to parties desiring to purchase a Steamboat a rare opportunity is offered. A full and perfect title will be guaranteed to the purchaser. For further particulars enquire of
PASCALE P. PRATT,
Of the firm of Pratt & Co., Buffalo.
jan2jy2am4mo

ALSO FOR SALE,



THE THREE SCHOONERS, TO WIT: Schooner ELIZA LOGAN, tonnage 369 70-95; schooner WINNE OR THE WIND, tonnage 370; Schooner GOV. HUNT, tonnage 186 70-95.

Either or all of the above named vessels will be sold on liberal terms. Apply to PRATT & CO.,
jan2jy2d3mo Buffalo, N. Y.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

THE OFFICE ROOMS OVER THE Railroad Offices, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, I will rent until the 1st of May next. The best location in the city.
CALEB WALL.
oct7

Auction Sales.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NUMBER 146 EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all description of goods at his usual price: advance on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. tap31

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF STOCK CLOTHING, Dry Goods, &c., &c. Twenty Thousand Dollars. To commence on Thursday morning next, March 8th, at 9 o'clock, and continue for two days, in the Auction Room, No. 146 East Water street, opposite Fox' Drug Store, the largest assortment of Clothing, Dry Goods, &c., &c., that has ever been offered at public auction in this city. The Goods are of the best material, and all in good order, and the sale is positive, as the proprietor has determined to close a sale of Goods has been offered at auction and it offers a chance for all who have money to get their Goods cheap. Merchants, Traders, Peddlers, citizens, and all who want clothing, are invited to attend. The sale will continue from day to day, and from evening to evening until the stock is disposed of.
CALEB WALL,
City Auctioneer.
mar6 No. 146 E. Water st.

City Auction Room.

WAREHOUSE SALE FOR WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO., of the following Goods, will take place at my Auction Room, March 8th, 1860, at 10 o'clock.

25 bbls. } 49 half Pipes Liquor.
" " }
" casks do
1 Case Segars.
No marks—1 bbl pots, kettles, &c.
W. Sweeney—1 rocking chair.
" 1 Lamp.
P. P.—1 green coat.
S. Canuff—1 box.
J. O. Taylor—1 piece machinery.
N. Tompkins—1 stone sink.
J. A. Sawyer—1 old buggy.
" 1 bale old harness.
J. A. Rossman, care of Boudman & Co.—2 barrels whiskey.
W. S. & L. Alexander—1 safe.
" 1 trunk.
R. D. Bacon, care of H. & J. F. Hill—1 Thrasher.
CALEB WALL, City Auction Room.

WILLIAMS & RODWAY,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

LAND AGENTS AND MONEY BROKERS.

19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19.

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENtion to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Merchandize, at their sale room or in any part of the City or County.

☞ Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.

N. B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated.
E. WILLIAMS. W. J. RODWAY.
Milwaukee, January 17, 1859. jan18d6m6ly

NEW BOOKS

Added to the Library of the Young Men's Association.

1. NARRATIVE OF THE DISCOVERY of the Fate of Sir John Franklin; by Capt. McClintock. 2. The Life Travels and Books of Alex. Von Humboldt; Edited by Bayard Taylor. 3. The Professor at the Breakfast Table; by O. W. Holmes. 4. Overland Journey to California; by Horace Greeley. 5 Sumah; by Miss A. J. Evans. 6. Life of Capt. John Brown; by Jas. Redpath. 7. The Impending Crisis; by H. R. Helper. 8. Lecture son slavery; by Dr. W. A. Smith. 9. The Boy Liar; by Capt. Mayne Reid. 10 Acme Cheek; by Fairbanks. 11. The Life of Thomas Jefferson; by H. S. Randall, L. L. D. 12. A Tale of Two Cities; by Chas. Dickens. 13. The Queen of Hearts; by Wilkie Collins. 14. The Four Georges; by E. M. Smacker. 15. The Martyrs; from the French of Chateaubriand. 16. Benton's Abridgment of Congressional Debates, Vol. XII. 17. Browning's Poems.

NOW IS THE TIME TO JOIN!

Dues to April (one month) 1 cents
☞ Rooms next North of the Newhall, 2d floor.
dec24

RAHAT-EE-LOKOOM, CUEFDARE, OR Turkish Fig Paste, and Grape Paste, for sale by
EDWARD TRUSLOW,
Wholesale Dealer in Foreign Fruits,
oct26 116 East Water Street

APPLES, IN PRIME ORDER, FOR Sale by
EDWARD TRUSLOW,
Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, &c., 116 East Water Street.

Banking and Exchange.

ARMSTRONG, SPINK & CO.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF HURON AND EAST WATER Streets, buy and sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange, receive current money, Gold, &c. Are prepared to draw direct on England, Ireland Scotland, Wales, and the principal cities on the Continent of Europe.
Milwaukee, Nov. 10th, 1859. nov12d1y1876

HARVEY TERRY,

BANKER & DEALER IN EASTERN EXCHANGE

PURCHASES AND NEGOTIATES Good Business Paper; will negotiate the sale of Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages East.

☞ Also Agent for the sale of Philadelphia Fire Proof and Burglar Proof Champion Safes, suitable for Bankers and others, being one of the best kinds of Fire and Burglar Proof safes combined made in America; at prices from $50 to $700 each, according to size.

☞ OFFICE, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Spring street Bridge. jy21d45d1y

PRICE, FARMER & CO.,

Bankers, and Dealers in Exchange,

15 NEWHALL HOUSE, MAIN ST.,

MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.

DRAFTS AT SIGHT, IN SUMS OF one pound and upward, payable in all the principal towns of Germany, France, England, Ireland and Scotland.

COLLECTIONS made at all available parts of the country.

GOLD, SILVER and UNCURRENT MONEY bought and sold.

SHORT FIRST CLASS BUSINESS PAPER discounted at fair rates, and constantly wanted.

REFER TO

STATE BANK OF WISCONSIN, Milwaukee.
MERCHANTS, SAVINGS, LOAN & TRUST CO., Chicago.
FOREST CITY BANK, Cleveland, Ohio.
MERCHANTS AND MECHANICS BANK, Wheeling.
CONTINENTAL BANK, New York.
D. CUMMING, President Girard Bank, Philadelphia
jy24d1y

SANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

—OF—

WALTER DELAFIELD,

WAUKON.....IOWA.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITted at current rates of Exchange.

Refer to American Exchange Bank, N. Y.; Wis. Marine and Fire Ins. Co. Bank, Milwaukee.
feb10dawly

Hats, Caps and Furs.

THE

WHITE BEAR TRANSFERRED!

Large Sales & Small Profits.

A TREMENDOUS STOCK OF

HATS, CAPS & FURS,

FOR SALE,

At Wholesale and Retail,

—BY—

J. A. BENEDICT,

AT THE OLD STAND,

152 EAST WATER ST.,

Now the

SIGN OF THE WHITE BEAR.

HAVING ADDED TO MY EXTENSIVE Stock, (purchased this Fall of Eastern Manufacturers) the complete stock of H. S. BARNUM, who was formerly proprietor of the

White Bear Hat Store,

I take pleasure in announcing to the public that I am prepared to offer unrivalled inducements to all purchasing in this market.

Hats, Caps and Furs made to Order

AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE,

And Warranted to Suit or no Sale.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

SIGN OF THE WHITE BEAR,

152 EAST WATER ST., MILWAUKEE.

sep14'59d6tf

Fuel, Lumber, &c.

LAMBERTON'S

WOOD, HAY, AND HOP MARKET.

N. W. Corner West Water and Clybourn sts.

Office with Mabbett & Breed.

BEST SEASONED WOOD, ALL KINDS Cut or Split, ready split, ready for use. Every description of RAGED PRESSED HAY, and a large lot of NEW EASTERN HOP of first quality, all warranted, and delivered in any part of the city at short notice.
G. H. LAMBERTON.
my16d3m3dly

CASH COAL YARD!

C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR CARGO, the following kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold at this Yard warranted full weight and best quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANA LUMP COAL,
PITTSTON PREPARED COAL,
PITTSTON LUMP COAL,
BLOSSBURGH COAL,
PITTSBURGH COAL,
ERIE AND CLEVELAND COAL.

Will deliver to dealers and large consumers, at any point on the lakes or in the country, at eastern prices, adding freight.

☞ All orders addressed to C. DUDLEY, Agent, Milwaukee, will receive prompt attention.

☞ Office and Yards corner of West Water and Clybourn streets, near Huron Street Bridge, Milwaukee. jy18d3m6dly

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JONES & POPE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in the various kinds of very best Coal, for Steam, Blacksmith, and Family purposes. Also,

Wood, Baled Hay and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand. Wood sawn or unsawn, to su

Special Notices.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS,

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D.,

NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature

TO MARRIED LADIES,

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other Pills can place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Prices $1. Sent by Mail on enclosing $1 to Dr. CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, Box 6311, Post Office, New York City.

Sold by one Druggist in every town in the United States.

R. B. HUTCHINS,

General Agent for the United States,

No. 11 Broadway, New York,

To whom all Wholesale orders should be addressed.

Sold in Milwaukee by Green & Sutton, and H. Bosworth & Son. mar3-3dawlyeow

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PARKER, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar Street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice. Je15d19dw&wly

THE PUBLIC BLESSING WHICH IS now so universally admitted to exist in Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, is every day demonstrated by their astonishing efficacy in the cases which they are announced to cure. All the complaints of the stomach and bowels, weakness of the digestive organs and of the system generally, bilious and liver affections, night fevers, head aches, piles costiveness, consumption, rheumatism, scurvy, impurity of the blood, or blotched and sallow complexions, soon yield to their curative properties. A single trial invariably secures them the title of the best family medicine now before the public. For sale by the proprietor, W. B. MOFFAT, at his office, 336 Broadway, and by Store Keepers and Druggists generally. oct15d&2d1wawly

KENOSHA WATER CURE

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE of the most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between Milwaukee and Chicago, and has been thoroughly refitted and enlarged so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are constantly employed to attend all patients at the Cure. Dr. Seeley is the attending physician, whose reputation is unequaled in the entire west

☞ For particular and circular, address

R. McKNOWN, Proprietor, Or,

H. T. SEELEY, M. D.

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Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
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Imported in Bond,
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Expressly for the Drug Trade.
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By H. BOSWORTH & SONS.
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WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 83 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PITKIN & BROTHERS, of Louisville, a supply of MRS. LYON'S KALOSKAN, Cheap Dry Plate Shape, put up in small packages, suitable for retailing; packages in a box, which I am sell at a low figure. Also a full supply of

JAPONICA
QUAKER PUFF
REFORM SALTS
GLAUBER SALT.
SULPHUR,
ALUM,
CREAM TARTAR,
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LICORICE,
BATH BRICK
CASTOR OIL,
OLIVE OIL,
OPIUM,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
WHITE LEAD

And a full assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c. aug8

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

196 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

20 BARRELS WINTER BLEACHED Whale Oil, for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. A genuine received and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist. jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.

REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale, by the gross or dozen, also, at retail. HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—30 CASES RECEIVED, and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., 196 East Water St.

AYERS' CHERRY PECTORAL, FOR sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

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FRENCH AND AMERICAN WINDOW Glass, all sizes. A large lot in store and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist. 196 East Water St.

BURNING FLUID, FOR SALE BY HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

Wisconsin State Keramic Boiler

Juneau Block, East Water Street.

THIS INSTITUTION OFFERS TO young men great facilities for the acquisition of a perfect Practical and Theoretical Business Education, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandising, Banking, Manufacturing, Forwarding and Commission, Steamboating, &c., &c. All the Book-keeping sets were written at a great expense expressly for the College, by eminent Book-keepers and is in every respect Natural. Book-keeping being practical Accountants, the Student is taught in the most thorough, expeditious and satisfactory manner; and cannot obtain a diploma until he has taken a thorough course and can pass the necessary examination.

PENMANSHIP,

Practical as well Ornamental, in all its forms, by L. P. CHARLETT, whose services the proprietor has secured, and invites his patrons and friends to call and examine Mr. CHARLETT'S Specimens of Penmanship, whose almost daily competition.

Merchants and others in pursuit of business letters, Documents, Bills of Exchange, Due Bills, Orders, &c.

Young men after completing their course obtain good situations. Merchants apply here for first class help.

The Proprietor will furnish rooms for Students, with or without board. Apply for Catalogues.

jan16d1y C. F. LARIGO, President.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

196 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

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Practical as well Ornamental, in all its forms, by L. P. CHARLETT, whose services the proprietor has secured, and invites his patrons and friends to call and examine Mr. CHARLETT'S Specimens of Penmanship, whose almost daily competition.

Merchants and others in pursuit of business letters, Documents, Bills of Exchange, Due Bills, Orders, &c.

Young men after completing their course obtain good situations. Merchants apply here for first class help.

The Proprietor will furnish rooms for Students, with or without board. Apply for Catalogues.

jan16d1y C. F. LARIGO, President.

THE SENTINEL.

THE RAINY DAY.

The day is cold, and dark, and dreary!
It rains, and the wind is never weary;
The vine still clings to the mouldering wall,
But at every gust the dead leaves fall,
And the day is dark and dreary.

My life is cold, and dark, and dreary!
It rains, and the wind is never weary;
My thoughts still cling to the mouldering Past,
But the hopes of youth fall thick in the blast,
And the days are dark and dreary.

Be still, and heart! and cease repining;
Behind the cloud is the sun still shining,
Thy fate is the common fate of all—
Into each life some rain must fall—
Some days must be dark and dreary.

[Written expressly for the Daily Sentinel.]

TWENTY STEPS TO ONE WOMAN'S HEART.

[CONTINUED.]

The moment Ed. glanced at him he drew the bed-drapery aside so as to display his figure, and was recognized as Sergeant B., of the detectives.

"They're coming," he said in a scarcely audible tone.

"How did they get in?" asked Ed.

"Through the grating in the coal vault. Lie still!—Sign sleep and leave it to us. There are four of us; don't use your pistols until I do!"

Ed. was sufficiently awake to know that under the circumstances it was decidedly best to follow his advice. Indeed, he had that confidence in the man, that had he ordered him to walk out in the hall, he would have complied—with the assurance that he had made ample provision for the emergency.

As soon as he had delivered this pithy advice, he drew back and was completely hid by the curtains. Ed. brought the bedclothes up about his head, leaving his right arm unembarrassed, and listened.

The noise at the door continued. The pressure was renewed at intervals, and accompanied with the sound of voices.

At last there was a cracking of wood, and it came open. The next moment three men entered the room, and Clinton recognized the faces and figures of his former antagonists on the river. The man in advance held his lantern up and took a survey of the room. In his left hand he held a heavy pistol, which, after satisfying himself of his comparative security, he thrust in a side pocket, and placing the lantern on the table by the side of Ed.'s candle, and carefully displacing the bed-clothes, scrutinized the countenance of the apparent sleeper. He shortly returned to his companions, and pulling out one of the chests, they broke open the lid, revealing a mass of papers and parchments. Ed. saw all this—their backs were toward him. He saw them take the contents of the chest carefully out and place them in a sack, which they had brought for the purpose. Their conversation was carried on in a low tone, but at last one of the number spoke loud enough to be distinctly understood—

"I guess it will start old Stephenson when he finds we have bagged his game!"

"No glib," said one of them, and silence ensuing, they worked together, pushing and crowding the papers down in the sack.

The work was well nigh accomplished when there was a knock at the door loud and startling. The three men looked up in amazement, first at each other's countenances and then in the direction of the sound. The door stood ajar, and that some person stood the other side of it seemed incredible. Finally one of them, the herculean villain before noticed, sprang to his feet and with a pistol in his hand advanced to the door. As his body passed the opening a blow descended from some unseen quarter—the pistol was knocked from his hand; the blue coat of an officer appeared a moment in the opening, and then the burglar was grasped by the throat and pushed backward into the room. Simultaneously with this, the other officers had advanced from their hiding places and before the villains were hardly aware of it they were prisoners. Clinton sprang from the bed but his services were not required, the "billy's" had performed the work and two of the desperadoes were already stunned. Seargant B., going to a window thrust his elbow unceremoniously through a light and blew a shrill whistle. Shortly after a reinforcement arrived and the three worthies were ironed and marched off to the lock-up.

"Now," said the detective to Clinton, "I owe you an explanation. I have no idea of allowing you to promulgate a very creditable ghost story: so let me state that we have been in the house all the evening—were here before you came—and in our endeavors to keep you from making your light too conspicuous, led you to hunt for ghosts up and down stairs as you did. I was not aware that Greenway intended to send you here."

"Then you are acquainted with Greenway?"

"Of course."

"Then tell me, pray, what this whole affair is leading to. I am in the fog completely."

"It's not my practice to tell everything I know, but as you have had several of your fingers in this pie before, and there is every probability of its becoming public matter soon, I don't know but what I might as well gratify you. You remember the scrape on the river—you need not look surprised, Greenway told me all about it—these men, as you undoubtedly have discovered, are the same fellows. We have been on their trail some time, but owing to their being game, they have pretty generally kept us at fault. The other day we got hold of certain papers implicating the whole gang and a good many besides, and it occurred to me that by storing the documents here, and letting them get wind of it, we might spring a trapion them. Well, it has worked to perfection. The whole three of them will take a trip to Sing Sing shortly, or I'm mistaken.

STEP SEVEN.

"There is little more to tell of this story," Chartsey said, holding the last page of the manuscript before him. "A terrible revelation was made a few days after these events; and Linton and Greenway, in company with their friend Sergeant B., demanded admission at the house of Miss Ontario Tanglegrass. They rung and knocked, but no response was made; and they might have remained there until this time, ring and knocking, had not the officers pushed in the basement door and turned the bolt for his friends.

"Need it be told how Jerry found Miss Stephenson and had her removed to her father's house, but how that the Tanglegrasses were *non est inventus*.

"About two months after this, Miss Stephenson became Mrs. Linton and is now considered, by competent judges, as one of the loveliest creatures on the island.

"Not long after this the Alpine Club dissolved. Jerry being a married man could not attend to it. Ed. Clinton went off into the Territories with a party of topographical engineers. Greenway went South, and Stansbury, I believe, went to farming.—Christmas still holds out at his office on the Third Avenue. Just before the Club broke up, the members pledged themselves solemnly to meet at some future time at the appointment of two members, and have a review.

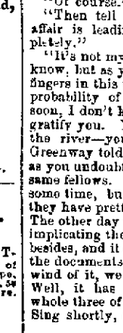
"That has never taken place, and I now propose, Lem, that we invite the whole Club, wives and families to Lazylake, it will be a glorious realization of romance, and we shall have a week of high life. What say you?"

"I am agreeable, supposing it possible."

"Leave the possibility to me; write your invitations to-morrow, and while they are reaching their destination, I will while the time away with a little story written by a young lady."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Pork and Beef Packers.



IN STORE AND FOR SALE, FROM our own packing, at lowest market price,

LIVERPOOL MESS PORK,
HEAVY MESS PORK,
MESS PORK,
MESS BEEF,
BEEF HAMS,
PRIME PORK,
LARD, in bbl.

DAYTON & PLANKINTON.

NEW SUGAR CURED HAMS.

JUST FROM SMOKE HOUSE, A FINE lot of sugar-cured hams and dried beef for sale by DAYTON & PLANKINTON. jan18

EDWARD RODDIS,

WEST WATER STREET, HAS CONSTANTLY in store, for sale—

Mess Pork;
Mess Beef
Lead Lard, in tin's and half bbls;
Bacon, Green and Smoked;
Smoked Sugar Cured Hams;
Smoked Sugar Cured Shoulders;
Soap, Candles, Tallow, &c., &c.

dly

THOMSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS.

THE DOUBLE TRAIN,
THE PARISIAN BELLE,
THE GOSSAMER,
THE WOVEN.

See that our Name, and the Crown are stamped on every Skirt.

RAISINS—M. R. AND LAYER, IN whole, half and quarter boxes, for sale by EDWARD TRUESLOW, 137 East Water st.

Groceries and Provisions.

CHEESE

ENGLISH CHEDDAR, VERY FRESH, and choice; American Pine Apple Cheese; Sap Sago Cheese; Herkimer County Cheese.

FISH.

Boston Mackerel, in kits; Kennebec Salmon, No. 1; Connecticut Shad, do; Kennebec Salmon, smoked.

BUTTER.

From selected Wisconsin Dairies,

SUGAR CURED HAMS.

SUGARS.

Havemeyer's & Moller's Patent Cut Loaf, Crushed, Powdered, Granulated and Coffee sugars.

TEAS.

English Breakfast, Oolonge and Young Hysons, finest qualities.

COFFEES.

Old Mocha and Government Java, choice Rio and Laguira.

DRIED FRUITS.

Layer Raisins, in half, whole and quarter boxes; Zante Currants, Prunes and Figs.

CHAMPAGNES.

From Heidsieck & Co., Moet & Chandon. Also, other brands.

LIQUORS.

Of the finest qualities, warranted pure and unadulterated.

CIGARS.

Havana Cigars, medium and choice.

TWINES.

Cotton Seine and Bag Twines; Gilling Twine, No. 20, white and grey, superior quality.

AGENCY FOR SANDS' CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE

PALE CREAM ALES!

My stock of choice Groceries, Condiments, Sauces, Pickles, &c., &c., will compare favorably with any in the city. All goods warranted and delivered free in any part of the city.

JOHN W. LEDYARD,
Grocer and Wine Dealer,
feb15 151 East Water street.

"The Old Corner Store Alive."

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of East Water and Mason Streets,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND MOST complete assortment of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Can, Dried and Foreign Fruits,

HAMBURGH CHEESE, and in fact all articles kept in a really first-class Family Grocery, and at prices and quality to suit the times first. We would earnestly, but prefer our friends to call and see for themselves. We are determined to sustain our reputation for the wants of our customers with the same promptness and integrity that has characterized "THE OLD CORNER STORE" for the last two years. HUNN & CROSBY.

feb15d13d-tawly

EDWARD TRUSLOW,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS, CONFECTIONERY, &c.,

119 East Water Street, Milwaukee,

oct22

GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, OF THE LATE firm of Sinclair & Gunnison, has removed into store No. 38 East Water street, where he will have constantly on hand a general assortment of Groceries, Teas, Salts, Nails, White Lead, Dried Fruits, &c., which he will offer low for cash, or prompt paying customers. He will be pleased to see any of the friends of the old concern, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call. W. M. SINCLAIR.

Milwaukee, April 25th, 1859 ap26d165-35m

J. D. ALLCOTT. A. B. ALLCOTT.

ALLCOTT BROTHERS,

FAMILY GROCERS,

22 Chestnut Street,

MILWAUKEE.

Goods Delivered Promptly, Free of Charge! dec14d85d1y

L. T. CHASE & CO.,

SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS,

Wholesale & Retail,

Waldo's Block, Cor. East Water & Chicago Sts

OFFER IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS:

Manilla Rope, (alliezes);
Russia do do
Tarred Hemp Rope, (alliezes);
Marline, Houseline,
Hambroline,
Spun Yarn,
Lath Yarn,
Cotton Duck, (all numbers);
Tar, Pitch,
Oakum, Cars,
Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles,
Seine Twine,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.

And a full assortment of everything usually found in a first-class Ship Chandlery Store.

aug16d84dly.

TO TRUNK MAKERS & SADDLERS

5,000 YARDS CANVAS, ALL NUMbers, 22 to 41 inches wide, in store and for sale cheap. dec3 L. T. CHASE & CO.

HIDE ROPE, HAY ROPE AND BALING TWINE, in lots to suit, cheap for cash, by L. T. CHASE & CO., Corner East Water & Chicago St. nov10

Insurance.

SECURITY.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Connecticut.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Connecticut;

CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford, Connecticut;

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Of Hartford, Connecticut;

HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY, Of New York;

LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE CO., Of New York;

RESOLUTE INSURANCE COMPANY, Of New York City;

W. HENRY HOLLAND, Agent.
North-west cor. Main and Wisconsin sts., Mil.
feb19d86d1dly

STATEMENT

Of the condition of the Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Springfield, Mass., on the first day of January, 1860, in conformity with the laws of the State of Wisconsin:

1. The name and locality of the Company: Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Co., Springfield, Mass.

2. The amount of its capital stock paid up: Two Hundred Thousand dollars.

3. The amount of its capital stock paid up: Two Hundred Thousand dollars.

4. The assets of the Company including:

1st. The amount of cash on hand		$4,406 95
Amount of cash on hand from Agents and others in course of transmission		10,705 66
2d. The real estate unencumbered, office building, "Exp Block,"		33,339 47
3d. The bonds of the Company and how they are secured, with the rate of interest thereon:		
$7,000 Western R. Man. 6 per cent. b's	7,000 00	
6,000 Conn. River R. R. do do	6,000 00	
6,000 Buffalo, New York & Erie 7 per cent. mortgage b's	5,500 00	
1,000 Watertown & Rome 7 per ct. do	930 00	
4th. Debts due the Company secured by mortgages, loans on real estate	131,340 07	
5th. Debts otherwise secured, loans on personal and collateral security	9,2655 8	
6th. Debts for insurance:		
7th. All other securities:		
Bank stocks as per schedule	188,941 74	
Railroad stocks as per schedule	58,389 00	
Bills receivable	5,089 67	
Marine Premium Notes		
Office furniture, library and all other securities including rents and accrued interest	9,050 82	
Surplus over capital	245,617 50	
	$445,817 50	

5. The amount of liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors of the Co.... None.
6. Losses adjusted and due ..... None.
7. Losses adjusted and not due 86,315 50
8. Losses in suspense, waiting further proof ..... None.
10. All other claims against the Co ..... None.
11. The greatest amount insured in one risk 10,000 00
12. The greatest amount allowed by the rules to be insured in any one city, town or village. *Ans.* As much as is deemed prudent.
13. The greatest am't allowed to be insured in any one block. *Ans.* See answer to question 12.

Premiums received during the year in Wisconsin 3,241 56
Amount of dividends declared and paid.. 11,000 00
Market value of stock $200 per share. Par value, $100 per share.

E. FREEMAN, President.

WM. CONNER, Jr., Secretary.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, } ss.
Dauphin County.

Subscribed and sworn to this 24th day of January, A. D. 1860, before me.

A. L. SOULE, Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
Secretary's Office.

The Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin hereby certifies that the foregoing statement has been compared with the original instrument on file in this office and that the same is a true and correct copy thereof and of the whole of such original.

The Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Company of Springfield, Mass., having complied with the requirements of Sections one and five of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Wisconsin," approved March 16, 1859, and having paid into the State Treasury the sum of fifty-seven 2-100 dollars, being three per cent. upon the gross amount of premiums received in the State of Wisconsin, in the year 1859, (as per their report).

Now therefore, in pursuance of the Act aforesaid, the Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin hereby certifies that the said Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Company, when they shall have complied with the requisitions of section three of said Act, may take risks, receive premiums, and transact the business of an Insurance Company in this State from this date until the 23rd day of January, A. D. 1861.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State, at the Capitol in Madison, this fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1860.

[L. S.] EDWARD ILSLEY, Asst'nt Sec. of State.

S. M. OGDEN, Agent,
Ogden & Wall, Milwaukee, Wis.

feb15d1w

Sewing Machines.

SINGER'S GENUINE

Sewing Machines.

General Depot for the North-West

NO. 17

Newhall House, - - - Milwaukee.

HAS COME! HAS COME! HAS COME! The Good Time has Come! SINGER'S No. 2 Sewing Machine

Can now be had for..... $100
Do. No. 1..... 90

☞ "For manufacturing purposes the only reliable and unexcelled Sewing Machine in the World."—*N. Y. Times.*

☞ Family Sewing Machines from Fifty to Seventy-five Dollars.

☞ "We have tried them in our own families and find them superior to any in use."—*N. Y. Times.*

The best Family Machines in use, with IMPROVED HEMMER, different widths of Hem, Braiding, stitching, gathering, felling and sewing it at the same time. Also, all the Standard Machines at greatly reduced prices. I. M. SINGER & CO., of New York.

☞ Machine Twist of superior quality, Needles, Bobbins, Shuttles, Oil, and every article used or appertaining to Singer's Machines for sale at this agency. Also, machines repaired at the shortest notice, and extra gearing furnished for machines.

J. R. WILSON,
Agent for I. M. Singer & Co.,
nov19d97d&wly No. 17 Newhall House.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!!

NEW STYLES—PRICES FROM $50 TO $125.

HEMMERS, $5 EXTRA.

THESE MACHINES SEW FROM TWO Spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no rewinding of thread; they Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a superior style, finishing each Seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, and are fully equal to the best Shuttle Machines, if not better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she worked for one cent an hour.

A new pamphlet of 32 pages, containing full explanations of the above, fully equal to any sold at 25 cts. Office of Exhibition and Sale, 495 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ At Newhall House, Milwaukee.

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J. A. FRENCH, Agent.

CHARLES F. MILLER,

MANUFACTURER OF INVISIBLE

WIGS, TOUPEES,

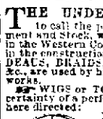
AND

ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c.,

Cor. Biddle and East Water Sts., Mil.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to call the public attention to his Establishment and Stock, which will be found superior to any in the Western Country. All the great improvements in the construction of WIGS, HEAD-DRESSES, BANDEAUS, BRAIDS, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c., are used by him, particularly by his ventilating work.

☞ WIGS or TOUPEES made to order, with the certainty of a perfect fit by taking the measure as here directed:



No 1—Round the head.
No. 2—From temple to temple, below the crown.
No. 3—The hair on the forehead to the poll of the head.
No. 4—Ear to ear.

Address,
CHAS. F. MILLER,
Corner E. Water and Biddle Sts., Mil.

ov24d82y

FILTERS! FILTERS! FILTERS!

KEDZIES RAIN WATER FILTERS just received and for sale at Blair & Perrott's new stand No. 136 East Water street myl

NEW FIGS, A LOT OF NEW TURKEY Figs, very handsome, just received and for sale by EDWARD TRUESLOW, 137 East Water St.

Hardware, Stoves, &c.

NOTICE.

THE LATE FIRM OF HENRY J. NAZRO & CO., was dissolved by limitation on the 28th February, 1860. The same business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of JOHN NAZRO & Co.

Milwaukee, March 1, 1860. JOHN NAZRO.
m 1-d H. J. NAZRO.

JOHN NAZRO & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails,

ROPE & TIN PLATE,

Nazro's Building, 121, 123 & 125 E. Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

TERMS CASH.

WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE AND well selected stock of Goods and shall be receiving during the season, additions to the same—Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, we shall sell all Goods, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, at the very lowest prices we can afford.

We respectfully call attention to our

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

To this Department, we call the especial attention of all in the city, country and places tributary to Milwaukee, as possessing advantages over any store in the west. Our stock is larger, the assortment more numerous, and quality of the goods superior to that which can generally be found in Retail Stores.

Please call upon us, or send your orders, and we will endeavor to please you, both in prices and goods. TERMS CASH.

TINNERS' STOCK.

We keep constantly on hand a fine stock of TIN PLATE, COPPER, ZINC, WIRE, SHEETIRON, and everything used by Tinners. Our prices are low, and we are prepared to compete with any other place. CHICAGO NOT EXCEPTED. Dealers in country, dors with the cash, and the goods will be shipped without delay.

JOHN NAZRO & CO.

CARPENTERS AND JOINERS.

WE HAVE A NEW ARTICLE OF Handsaws and Try-squares, manufactured by a celebrated Eastern manufacturer, which we think will be found useful and convenient, and we shall be pleased to show them to any person giving us a call. JOHN NAZRO & CO.

SHELF BRACKETS.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN ASsortment of fancy Japanned, Bronzed and Ornamental Shelf Brackets, used for putting up shelves. JOHN NAZRO & CO.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND Sardine Scissors, Champagne openers, Cork Screws, Common and Plated Nut Crackers, Nut Picks, Fine Ivory Handled Table Cutlery of the best make, Butter Knives, Plated Tea and Table Spoons, Pocket Cutlery, &c. JOHN NAZRO & CO.

MORTAR HOES.

A FEW OF THE ABOVE ON HAND made expressly for mixing Mortar.

Milwaukee, March 1st, 1860. JOHN NAZRO & CO.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

FOR

Goodrich & Johnson,

216 EAST WATER STREET,

MILWAUKEE, - - - WISCONSIN.

THEY ARE SELLING OFF THEIR ENTIRE Stock of

STOVES, RANGES,

HOT AIR FURNACES,

HEATERS, GRATES,

TABLE CUTLERY

SILVER PLATED WARE,

BRITTANIA WARE,

PLANISHED & PLAIN TIN WARE,

House Furnishing Goods,

AT COST FOR CASH.

Now is the time for those who wish to furnish their kitchens with a new stove, or the one thousand and one little things in the article for housekeeping, to come and secure great bargains while they are going.

GOODRICH & JOHNSON,
jan9d82 d1y 216 East Water street, Milwaukee.

JUST RECEIVED.

A Large and Beautiful Assortment

—OF—

IRON FURNITURE.

SUCH AS

Hat Stands, Umbrella Stands,
Fire Stands, Fire Setts,
Fire Screens, Blower Stands,
Coal Hods, Coal Vases,
Spittoons, Brackets,
Toilet Ware, Plate Warmers,

ENAMELED PARLOR GRATES

FROM $6,50 TO $85,00, AT

CARLISLE & STAUGHTON'S,
boss Seaman's Block, Huron St.

Removed to Market Square.

SMITH & SENFTLEBEN,

PRACTICAL

GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in Gas and Steam Pipes, Lap Welded Boiler Flues, Gas, Steam and Water Cocks, Globe and Check Valves, Gauge Cocks, Steam Gauges, Oil Cups, &c., &c.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

A large assortment of

GAS FIXTURES.

☞ Work done in a workmanlike manner, at short notice and lowest rates. mar10d84d1y

ISAAC KINGSLEY. ANDREW M. PIERCE.

KINGSLEY & PIERCE,

GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS

No. 201 East Water Street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Gas and Steam Pipes,

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Always on hand,

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KEDZIES RAIN WATER FILTERS just received and for sale at Blair & Perrott's new stand No. 136 East Water street myl

NEW FIGS, A LOT OF NEW TURKEY Figs, very handsome, just received and for sale by EDWARD TRUESLOW, 137 East Water St.

Insurance.

North-Western Insurance Comp'y,

CITY OF OSWEGO, N. Y.

Milwaukee Office, No. 6 Newhall House, Michigan Street.

FIRE AND INLAND MARINE.

INCORPORATED IN 1839.

Cash Capital, $150,000; Surplus, $178,548.

Cost of Re-Insuring exist

THE SENTINEL.

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY P. M., March 6th, 1860.

Receipts by Railroad for the 24 hours ending noon to-day were as follows:

Flour, bbls	726
Wheat, bush	3,145
Barley, bush	450
Corn, bush	45
Oats, bush	7
Rye, bush	7
Hides, No	46
Lumber, feet, m.	

There was rather a dull feeling in the wheat market at the opening to-day, owing doubtless to the fact that the news of the foreign news turned out less favorably than the despatches yesterday indicated, but sellers would not accede to any offers below yesterday's figures. The New York report strengthened the market considerably, and on 'Change No. 2 was held at $1,07 cash, and No. 1 at $1,08. Of the latter about 1,000 bushels stood on the track at this price, and 10,000 bushels for delivery a few days hence. Considerable quantities of No. 2 were offered at $1,06 in store, but no buyers were found willing to go outside of $1,05. Club and Extra sold at $1,06 and $1,05, which is about the same as last Saturday except in one or two cases for very choice lots.

Nothing done in flour.

Coarse grains unchanged. Oats sold pretty freely at 36c delivered, and Barley at 56@60c for ordinary to choice No. 2.

NEW YORK COMMERCIAL MATTERS—THE STOCK OF BREADSTUFFS—EXPORTS, &c.—A few days since we referred to a statement in the New York *Tribune* of the stock of wheat in store at New York, questioning its accuracy upon the authority of a gentleman well acquainted with the movements of breadstuffs in that city. Through the kindness of the same person, who is a member of our Chamber of Commerce, we are permitted to make the following extracts from a letter of Edward Pitt, Produce Broker, No. 119 Broad st., New York, dated March 2d, 1860, in answer to inquiries relative to the stock of wheat and flour now in store in New York. He says:

"I am of the opinion that there is not less than 700,000 to 750,000 bbls of flour." "Of wheat our stock is large, the speculative feeling was strong late in the fall and brought the article here freely.

"I assured myself this morning in asking the opinion of several *interested* parties and found they estimated very much as they felt. I then asked the Weighmasters, and the result was 1,561,000 bushels. So we must add somewhat we may calculate 1 500,000 to 1,600,000 bushels in all.

"This is chiefly red Chicago and Milwaukee, a little winter and a small portion of white. I look to see higher rates for the better qualities of winter, but cannot see how the spring can go much above present figures. There is, at yet, no export demand of consequence. There is, at yet, no export demand of consequence. There is, at yet, no export demand of consequence